

DEW  
Schirmer 1  
Farris

DEWS	<b>DRY EYE: DIAGNOSTIC TEST TEMPLATE</b>	
RAPPORTEUR	A.J.Bron	16 <sup>th</sup> Oct 2004
TEST	<b>Schirmer I test (without anesthesia).</b>	
TO DIAGNOSE	A reduction in reflex tear flow.	REFERENCES
VERSION of TEST	[ V 1 ]	Farris et al. 1981
DESCRIPTION	An estimation of tear flow stimulated reflexly by insertion of a filter paper into the conjunctival sac.	
CONDUCT of TEST	<p>In this study, the test followed an osmolarity measurement and then a basal tear volume assessment.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The unanesthetised eye</li> <li>2. No blotting away of tears</li> <li>3. Schirmer strips inserted over the lower lid margin, midway between the middle and outer third.</li> <li>4. Eye open or closed – not stated</li> <li>5. Wetting read at 5 minutes, or before, if the paper is wetted completely before this time. Measuremnt is made from the notch.</li> <li>6. Wetting is measured with rule provided in the packet.</li> </ol> <p>(Papers were stored for later lysozyme and lactoferrin measurements)</p> <p>In this study, wetting was converted into microlitres of wetting from a standard curve constructed for the strips, using a lysozyme solution for wetting. A similar approach was reported by Lamberts et al. 1979</p>	
Web Video	Not available:	
Materials:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Schirmer Papers (3x35mm. Manufacturer?)</li> </ul>	
Standardization	Time of day [√] Temperature [√] Humidity [√] Air speed [√] Illumination [√]. Assumed to influence.	
Variations of technique	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Calibrated and dyed papers (Eagle Vision - blue)</li> <li>• Paper housed in a water impervious wrap, to reduce evaporation.</li> </ul>	Holly, Esquivel 1986
Diagnostic value	<p>The analyses in this study were based on eyes not people, or averages of eye results.</p> <p>Normals were: &lt;41 years: 46M; 53 F &gt;40 years: 55M; 65F KCS (Symptomatic; Osmolality 312 mOsm/L; tear debris, viscous tears, reduced marginal strip; SPK with fluorescein)</p> <p>Normals: 5.71 ± 5.86 µl/min KCS : 3.29 ± 3.57 µl/min ( P&lt; 0.01)</p>	
Repeatability	<p>Intra-observer agreement. [ - ] Inter-observer agreement. [ - ]</p>	
Sensitivity 3 mm cut off	(true positives) [ 10 ] cut off 3 mm	Farris et al 1983

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<b>Specificity</b>	(100 – false positives) [ 100 ] cut off 3 mm	Farris et al 1983
<b>Glossary</b>	'Reflex tear flow' implies stimulated reflexly by placement of the Schirmer paper into the conjunctival sac	

**References:**

Farris R, Stuchell RN, Mandel ID. (1981). Basal and reflex human tear analysis. I. Physical measurements. Osmolarity, basal volumes, and reflex flow rate. *Ophthalmology* 88: 852-57.

Farris RL, Gilbard JP, et al. (1983). Diagnostic tests in keratoconjunctivitis sicca. *CLAO J* 9:23-28.

Holly F, Esquivel ED. Lacrimation kinetics as determined by a novel technique, in Holly F (ed): *The preocular tear film*. Lubbock TX, Dry Eye Institute, 1986, pp 76-88.

Lamberts DW, Foster CS, et al. (1979). Schirmer test after topical anaesthesia and the tear meniscus height in normal eyes. *Arch Ophthalmol*. 97: 1082-1085.